



ROUGH DRAFT OUTLINE OF 2017 LEGISLATIVE AGENDA

- **MMEs**

- **IF IP1 PASSES**

- Allow MMEs to cultivate, test, produce and sell recreational marijuana while regulations prescribed under Initiative Petition 1 are pending. Precedent for such an action in Oregon, Senate Bill 460, passed October 1, 2015, allowing dispensaries to sell limited marijuana to recreational customers over the age of 21 years old pending regulations. (CHAPTER NRS453A)
- NRS will apply until regulations promulgated. NRS will apply current NAC medical marijuana regs to adult use market until regulations are in effect. See Attached Table of medical marijuana regulations that should be in place until regulations effective.
- The laws governing adult use will be the same as the current medical marijuana regulations, except limitation on products that can be sold, the MME is limited to the products types they have already sold on at least one occasion;
- Separate tracking systems, separate growing spaces, clearly delineated, separate purchasing areas clearly delineated;
- Should be effective July 1, 2017
- Under IP1, MME licenses have an 18 month window to apply for MME licenses
 - Licenses distributed within 18 month window
 - Dispensaries get dispensaries
 - Score points for having been in operation as dispensary
 - For first 18 months, applications for a dispensary by individuals already found suitable to be an owner of a dispensary by DPBH (OR OWNER GROUP)
- Distributors' contracts cannot limit strains, only MMEs can contract as to which strain is transported to which MME
- Distributors can only transport, same as current as transportation rules, only transport pursuant to contract/transport log
- Consumption lounges

- **IF IP1 DOESN'T PASS**



- Obtaining card same day
 - Eliminate background check
 - Patient downloads app with serial number prior to Dr. Appointment, Dr. provides recommendation, Patient uploads recommendation, receipt provided online, sufficient for dispensing
 - Expand list of qualifying conditions
 - Patient can be resident or non-resident- (need to research how does it work with non-resident?)
 - Physical card is optional, receipt with serial number is sufficient for dispensing
 - Consumption lounges
- **Improve Patient Card Access**
 - Allow patient to purchase one active in the Division's portal, do not require registry identification card, make card optional like Maryland.
 - Alternatively, place application online, remove background check requirement and require the Division to issue patient cards within 10 (ten) days of submission of application. (NRS 453A.200, NRS 453A.210, NRS 453A.220, NRS 453A.230, NRS 453A.240, NRS 453A.250, NRS 453A.300, NRS 453A.310, NRS 453A.740)
 - Require renewal of access to medical marijuana biannually. (NRS 453A.200)
 - Package should be free online (-\$25 removal of the first step). Patient committee said ok with \$75 fee.
 - Increase length of validity of the patient card for ADA, Veterans, and Seniors from one year to four years.
 - Veterans, terminal patients and seniors will have access to the medical marijuana system and be able to purchase from a medical marijuana dispensary with their doctor's recommendation, cards or registration will not be mandatory for this group.
 - Electronic renewal system for current patients
 - Allow patients to purchase as soon as their medical marijuana application has been submitted (per LCB)
 - Allow any patient to purchase with a valid medical marijuana card (or equivalent), regardless of their state of origin
 - **Deliveries**
 - Impose civil sanctions on advertising of illegal marijuana delivery services. Each incident of advertising non-licensed MME would be a \$20,000 fine to be enforced by the local jurisdiction in which the advertisement was able to be viewed (Add to Chapter 453A of NRS).
 - Allow deliveries to non-residents off strip at a residential establishment.



- **Packaging**

- Clarify child resistant packaging requirement- does it need to be resealable each use (NRS 453A.360)

- **DUI Law and Addressing Patients**

- Impairment theory for medical marijuana patients similar to other prescription medications;
- Impairment theory for adult use or alternatively, raise level to 75 nanograms

- **Testing of Patient Samples**

NRS453A.368 Testing laboratories. [Effective April 1, 2014.]

- Suggestion: Patients with a valid patient card may deliver marijuana or marijuana infused products to a laboratory for the purposes of testing.
- Lab won't accept information on providing dispensary

- **Transfer of products between Production Facilities**

NRS 453A.105 "Facility for the production of edible marijuana products or marijuana infused products" re-defined.

- Suggestion: Acquires, possesses, manufactures, delivers, transfers, transports, supplies or sells edible marijuana products or marijuana-infused products to medical marijuana dispensaries or another production facility.

- **Regulation of CBD products**

Section 40. NAC 453A.456 is hereby amended to read as follows: NRS 453A.370, SB447 (2015)

A medical marijuana dispensary may only sell concentrated cannabis, edible marijuana products, and marijuana infused products obtained from a production facility holding a Nevada medical marijuana registration certificate.

Any product not defined as medical marijuana infused product but contains any level of THC or CBD should be approved by the State to allow the sale of such item. A file containing test results for all pre-approved infused products currently carried shall be maintained at the facility, available for review upon request.

- All cannabinoid-based medical products derived from non-marijuana based sources sold throughout the state (not just at MME) are subject to the same testing requirements as marijuana-based products.
- Alternatively, only allow MMEs to sell any CBD or hemp products and subject to testing

- **Fingerprints**

- If fingerprints are already on file, new fingerprints do not have to be resubmitted to renew agent registration card. Existing fingerprints will be used for the background check.